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Struct: complex sample (Aggregation)

Work in Progress

Prerequisites:

- installed [struct Plugin](#)
- installed [Bureaucracy Plugin](#)
- all schemes from [Medium Complex Sample](#)

Introduction

We want to continue to explore the possibilities of Struct and continue to use aggregations to achieve that. Our namespace `infrastructure:systems` houses systems. Let's create an overview and create a page `systems` in the namespace `infrastructure`.

Create Overview

The following text generates an overview, staggered by our types of systems and with links to the respective pages.

[systems.txt](#)

```
===== Systems =====

Overview over the Systems in our environment:

===== Servers =====
---- struct table ----
schema: system
cols: %title%, type, supplier, internal number
filter: type ~ *server*
csv: 0
----

===== Workstations =====
---- struct table ----
schema: system
cols: %title%, type, supplier, internal number
filter : type ~ *orkstation*
csv: 0
----
```

```
===== Other =====
---- struct table ----
schema: system
cols: %title%, type, supplier, internal number
filter: type !~ *server*
filter: type !~ *orkstation*
csv: 0
----
```

This creates an overview of all entries in the schema system, categorized by server, workstation and others. This only works if the system types are named as in the example! Otherwise the filters have to be changed. We will come to that in a moment.

We already know Struct table, but now we use wildcard filters.

- cols: %title% we use a [Special Column](#), Title is a Link to the page with the found data
- filter: type ~ *server* We use the wildcard filters, here it doesn't matter if server is written with a capital or lowercase s. It also doesn't matter if there is something after server.
- filter: type !~ *server* the same as before, only that it finds everything that is not a (S)s)erver
- filter: type !~ *orkstation* the second filter is 'anded', full reading of Other: Find anything that is not a server nor a workstation.

We get now a nice dynamic Overview:

Systems

Overview over the Systems in our environment:

Edit

Servers

Page	System Type	Supplier	Internal number
Server 01	Server - Hardware	CD-C Computer delivery	srv01

Edit

Workstations

Page	System Type	Supplier	Internal number
Workstation 01	Workstation - Hardware	CD-C Computer delivery	ws01

Edit

Other

Page	System Type	Supplier	Internal number
Printer 01	Printer	CD-C Computer delivery	prn01

Edit

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New entries are automatically inserted in the corresponding category. So the overview is always up to date.

Maintenance Overview (Dynamic Filters, Sum Calculation)

In order to create a more detailed overview of the maintenance, we extend the [Maintenance schema](#) by two fields. On the one hand, we want to go directly to the corresponding system and on the other hand, we want to record costs.

So we create the following additional fields:

Fields (**Configuration - only not default is mentioned**): Select first the Type of the field. Click «Save» after each Field, you get a new sort-number and a new row.

Schema: maintenance					
Sort	Field Name	Multi-Input?	Configuration	Type	Enabled
70	systempage	false	label: System Page, usetitles: true, [optional: namespace: your system namespace]	Page	true
80	cost	false	label: Cost, roundto: 2	Decimal	true

After that, it is appropriate to adjust the Bureaucracy form as well:

```
===== Add Maintenance =====
```

```
<form>
action struct_lookup
struct_field "maintenance.date" =%Y-%m-%d
struct_field "maintenance.type"
struct_field "maintenance.description"
struct_field "maintenance.comment" !
struct_field "maintenance.cost"
struct_field "maintenance.user"
struct_fieldhidden "maintenance.system" "=[ "@FORMPAGE_ID@",0]"
struct_fieldhidden "maintenance.systempage" "=[ "@FORMPAGE_ID@" ]"
submit "Add Enty"
thanks "Please reload the Page!"
</form>
```

We get the new Cost field and fill the System Page field with the current page.

Optionally, we can also display the field: Cost in the «Maintenance» table of the system page:

```
---- struct table ----
cols: date,type,description,comment,cost,user
schema: maintenance
filter  : system = $STRUCT.system.internal number$
sort: ^date
csv: 0
----
```

Now, perhaps on the overview page, we create a table that contains all the maintenance:

```
===== Maintenance =====  
  
---- struct table ----  
schema: maintenance  
cols: systempage,date, type, description, user,cost  
sort: ^date  
dynfilters: 1  
summarize: 1  
csv: 0  
----
```

We use [dynamic filters](#) and [summation](#) here.

Maintenance

Filtered by "System Page" is like "server 01"

Show all (remove filter/sort)

System Page	↑Date	Type	Description	User	Cost
Server 01	2022/03/07	Other	Buy Software Upgrade	admin	299.99
Server 01	2022/03/02	Maintenance	Change Dust Filter	admin	2.25
					Σ 302.24

Serial Data

As an alternative to maintenance in [Medium Complex Sample](#), it is also possible to use [serial data](#). These are always bound to the corresponding page. The procedure is similar, but we do not need a lookup field.

We can use the schema maintenance from the example or use a new optimized schema for it. For serial data, the order is determined by the order of the fields. We can either determine this via the sort property or create it correctly right away.

Fields (**Configuration - only not default is mentioned**): Select first the Type of the field. Click «Save» after each Field, you get a new sort-number and a new row.

Schema: maintenance					
Sort	Field Name	Multi-Input?	Configuration	Type	Enabled
10	date	false	label: Date	Date	true
20	type	false	label: Type, values: «Maintenance, Repair, Other»	Dropdown	true

Schema: maintenance					
Sort	Field Name	Multi-Input?	Configuration	Type	Enabled
30	description	false	label: Description	LongText	true
40	comment	false	label: Comment	LongText	true
50	user	false	label: User, existingonly: false	User	true

Instead of the [system example](#) we used, we only need the following code in the system page:

[srv01.txt](#)

```

===== Server 01 =====

===== Supplier Contact: =====
---- struct list ----
schema: systemsupplier
cols: main contact, email, phone
header: "Name: ", "- Mail: ", " - Phone: "
sepbyheaders: yes
filter: name = $STRUCT.system.supplier$
----

===== Maintenance =====

---- struct serial ----
schema: maintenance
----
```

We also get a table, similar to the [global data](#), with an input field. Easier to create and the data is automatically bound to the page. Only mandatory fields can not be defined this way.

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